

# PHYS 160 - Exam #3

Complete as much of the Exam as you can in class. Email the completed assignment to **travis.hoppe+PHYS160@gmail.com**. You have one week to submit any missing points for 1/2 credit on this exam.

## Seemingly Chaotic Mosquito Flight

You are to help your friend in bio-sciences with her model of a seemingly chaotic flight of a mosquito around a prey. She describes the trajectory followed by the mosquito by specifying the  $x(t)$  and  $y(t)$  coordinates along the trajectory as a function of the time  $t$ .

$$x(t) = \cos(t) + \sin(\sqrt{2} t)$$

$$y(t) = 0.5 \sin(\sqrt{3} t) + \cos(\sqrt{5} t)$$

The distance of the mosquito from the prey (assumed at the origin) is obviously

$$R(t) = \sqrt{x(t)^2 + y(t)^2}$$

## Using Maple

- Define  $x(t)$  and  $y(t)$ .
- Plot simultaneously (single graph)  $x(t)$  and  $y(t)$  over a time domain  $t = [0, 17]$ . Label this plot with a title.
- Define the distance function,  $R(t)$
- Plot  $R(t)$  over a time domain  $t = [0, 17]$ . Label this plot with a title.
- Calculate  $slope(t)$ , the *derivative* of the  $R(t)$  function.
- Plot this  $slope(t)$  function over a time domain  $t = [0, 17]$ . Label this plot with a title.
- Find at what times the mosquito is at its maximum and minimum distance from the prey within the time interval  $t = [0, 17]$ . What are these distances? Where is the mosquito then?

## How fast is the mosquito flying?

From elementary Physics, you also know that the velocity vector components are given in terms of the *derivative* of the coordinates, namely

$$vx(t) = \frac{d}{dt}x$$

$$vy(t) = \frac{d}{dt}y$$

The *speed* is the magnitude of the velocity vector, namely

$$speed(t) = \sqrt{vx(t)^2 + vy(t)^2}$$

- Define the velocity components,  $vx(t)$  and  $vy(t)$ .

- Define the  $speed(t)$  function.
- Plot  $speed(t)$  over a time domain  $t = [0, 17]$ . Label this plot with a title.
- At what time is the mosquito flying with maximum speed within the time interval  $t = [0, 17]$  ? What is this speed? Where is the mosquito then?

## How violent is this flight?

From elementary Physics, you also know that the acceleration vector components are given in terms of the *derivative* of the velocity components, namely

$$ax(t) = \frac{d}{dt} vx$$

$$ay(t) = \frac{d}{dt} vy$$

The magnitude of the accelerator vector is

$$acc(t) = \sqrt{ax(t)^2 + ay(t)^2}$$

- Define the acceleration components,  $ax(t)$  and  $ay(t)$ .
- Define the  $acc(t)$  function.
- Plot  $acc(t)$  over a time domain  $t = [0, 17]$ . Label this plot with a title.
- At what time is the mosquito flying with maximum acceleration (magnitude) within the time interval  $t = [0, 17]$  ? What is this acceleration? Where is the mosquito then?

## Trajectory

- Plot the trajectory, i.e., the coordinate  $y(t)$  versus  $x(t)$  over the time domain  $t = [0, 17]$ . Label this plot with a title. Hint: Look up the help panel on *parametric plot*.
- Plot the trajectory. Superpose markers ( symbols, lines, whatever ) on this plot to mark the locations of the shortest distance, the furthest distance, the maximum speed and the maximum acceleration.
- Note the locations of the points with the greatest speed and acceleration. Are these locations obvious? Why?