

PHYS-201 Equation Sheet for Midterm Exam #2
(11/08/2012, MAIN AUDITORIUM, 8:00-8:50 am)

Electromagnetic Waves

$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{q}{\epsilon_0}$	$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{A} = 0$
$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{s} = -\frac{d\Phi_E}{dt}$	$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \mu_0 I + \epsilon_0 \mu_0 \frac{d\Phi_E}{dt}$
$\vec{F} = q\vec{E} + q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$	$\omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$
$\frac{E}{B} = c$	$c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_0 \mu_0}}$
$c = \lambda f$	$f' = f \sqrt{\frac{c+v}{c-v}}$
$\vec{S} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B}$	$u = \frac{U}{V} = \epsilon_0 E^2 = \frac{B^2}{\mu_0}$
$p = \frac{U}{c}$	radiation momentum
$I = S_{avg} = cu_{avg}$	$P_{rad} = \frac{(2)S_{avg}}{c} = \frac{(2)I}{c}$
$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ As/Vm}$	$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Vs/Am}$

Interference on Thin Films

$$2nt = (m + \frac{1}{2})\lambda \qquad 2nt = m\lambda$$

Diffraction on a Single Slit or Circular Apertures (Chs.36)

$$\sin \theta_{dark} = m \frac{\lambda}{a} \qquad (m = \pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \dots)$$

$$\theta_{min} = \frac{\lambda}{a} \qquad \theta_{min} = 1.22 \frac{\lambda}{D}$$

Diffraction—Interference on Double & Multiple Slits

$$\delta = d \sin \theta_{bright} = m\lambda \qquad (m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots)$$

$$\delta = d \sin \theta_{dark} = (m + \frac{1}{2})\lambda \qquad (m = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots)$$

$$y_{bright} = L \tan \theta_{bright} \qquad y_{dark} = L \tan \theta_{dark}$$