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SqueezeLand:  
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Program

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# Alice in Stretch & SqueezeLand: 6 Topological Analysis Program

August 12, 2012

# Chapter Abstract

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The Topological Analysis Program consists of five well-defined steps.

We describe the program in a step-by-step way.

The output of this analysis identifies the *mechanism* that acts to generate chaotic behavior.

Another important/unexpected result is a clearcut rejection criterion.

# Topological Analysis Program

## Topological Analysis Program

**Locate Periodic Orbits**

**Create an Embedding**

**Determine Topological Invariants (LN)**

**Identify a Branched Manifold**

**Verify the Branched Manifold**

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**Model the Dynamics**

**Validate the Model**

# Locate UPOs

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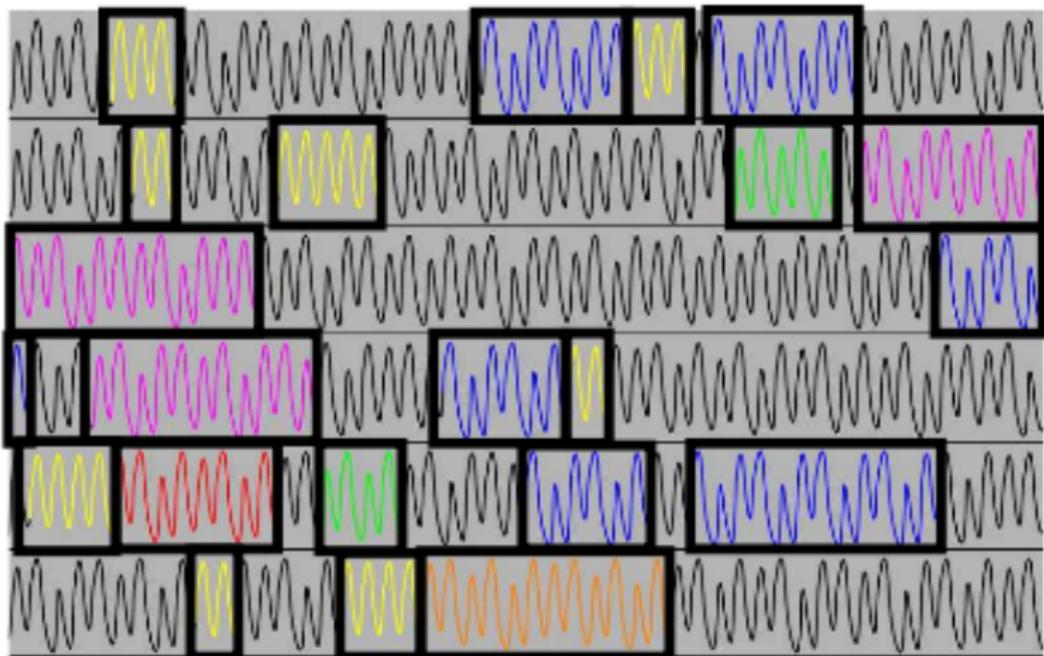
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## Eyeball Data



# Locate UPOs

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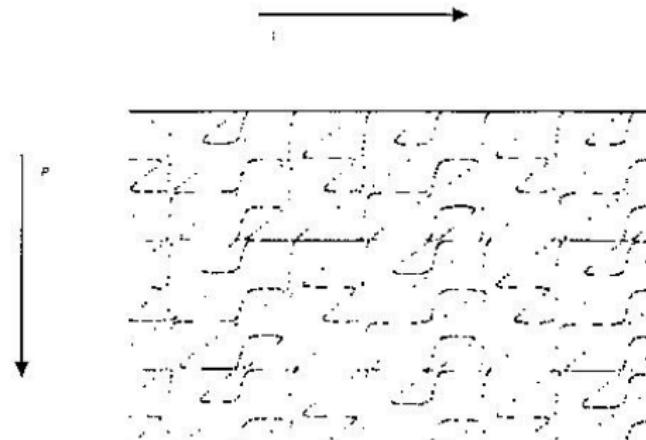
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## Method of Close Returns

$$|x_i - x_{i+p}| < \epsilon, \quad \text{pixel} \rightarrow \text{black}$$



# Embeddings

# Embeddings

**This is a tricky business. There are many problems ...**

Many Methods: Time Delay, Differential, Hilbert Transforms, SVD, Mixtures, ...

Tests for Embeddings: Geometric, Dynamic, Topological<sup>†</sup>

None Good

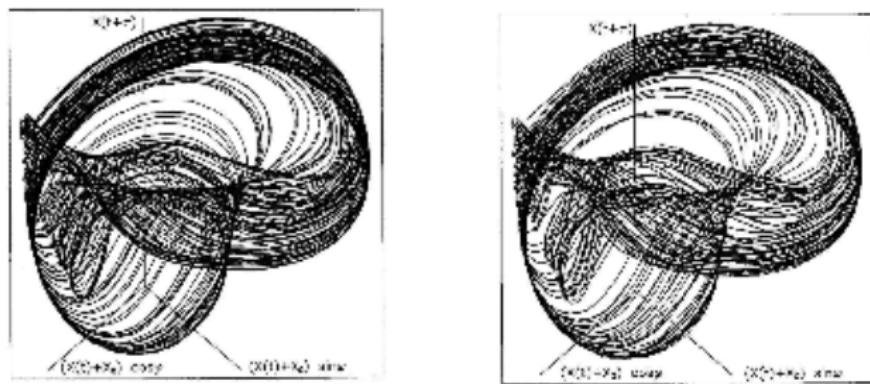
We Demand a 3 Dimensional Embedding

## Locate UPOs

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## Periodic Orbits Outline the Attractor



**Figure 5.** Left: a chaotic attractor reconstructed from a time series from a chaotic laser ; Right : Superposition of 12 periodic orbits of periods from 1 to 10.

# Determine Topological Invariants

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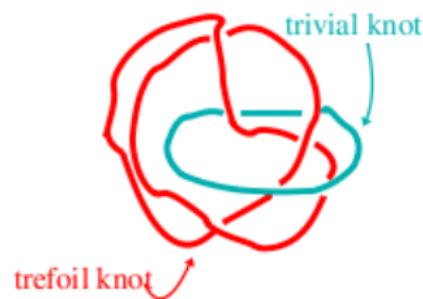
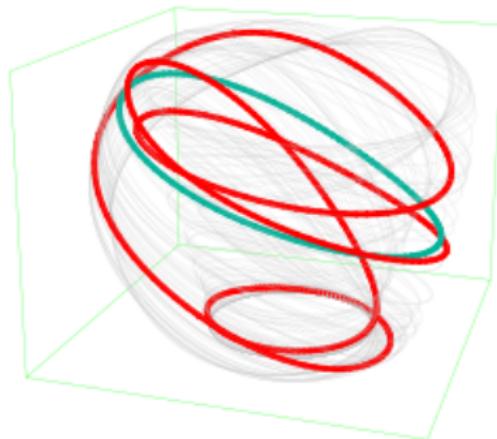
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## Linking Number of Orbit Pairs



**Figure 6.** Left: two periodic orbits of periods 1 and 4 embedded in a strange attractor; Right: a link of two knots that is equivalent to the pair of periodic orbits up to continuous deformations without crossings.

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# Determine Topological Invariants

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## Compute Table of Expt'l LN

**Table 7.2** Linking numbers for all the surrogate periodic orbits, to period 8, extracted from Belousov-Zhabotinskii data<sup>a</sup>

Orbit	Symbolics	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8a	8b
Program-01	1	0	1	1	2	2	2	3	4	3
Program-02	01	1	1	2	3	4	4	5	6	6
Program-03	011	1	2	2	4	5	6	7	8	8
Program-04	0111	2	3	4	5	8	8	11	13	12
Program-04	01 011	2	4	5	8	8	10	13	16	15
Program-05	011 0M1	2	4	6	8	10	9	14	16	16
Program-06	01 01 011	3	5	7	11	13	14	16	21	21
Program-07	01 01 0111	4	6	8	13	16	16	21	23	24
Program-07	01 011 011	3	6	8	12	15	16	21	24	21

<sup>a</sup>All indices are negative.

# Determine Topological Invariants

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## Compare w. LN From Various $\mathcal{BM}$

**Table 2.1** Linking numbers for orbits to period five in Smale horseshoe dynamics.

	1s	1f	2 <sub>1</sub>	3f	3s	4 <sub>1</sub>	4 <sub>2</sub> f	4 <sub>2</sub> s	5 <sub>3</sub> f	5 <sub>3</sub> s	5 <sub>2</sub> f	5 <sub>2</sub> s	5 <sub>1</sub> f	5 <sub>1</sub> s
Chapter Summary-01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Program-01	1	0	0	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	2
Program-02	01	0	1	1	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	4
Program-03	001	0	1	2	2	3	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	5
Program-04	011	0	1	2	3	2	4	3	3	3	3	5	5	5
Program-05	0111	0	2	3	4	4	5	4	4	4	4	7	7	8
Program-06	0001	0	1	2	3	3	4	3	4	4	4	5	5	5
Program-07	0011	0	1	2	3	3	4	4	3	4	4	5	5	5
Program-08	00001	0	1	2	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5
Program-09	00011	0	1	2	3	3	4	4	4	5	4	5	5	5
Program-10	00111	0	2	3	4	5	7	5	5	5	5	6	7	8
Program-11	00101	0	2	3	4	5	7	5	5	5	7	6	8	9
	01101	0	2	4	5	5	8	5	5	5	8	8	8	10
	01111	0	2	4	5	5	8	5	5	5	9	9	10	8

# Determine Topological Invariants

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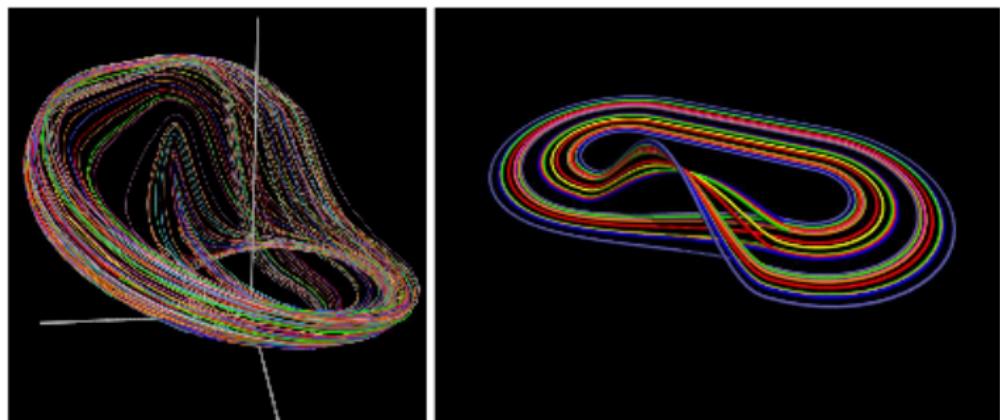
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## Guess Branched Manifold



**Figure 7.** “Combing” the intertwined periodic orbits (left) reveals their systematic organization (right) created by the stretching and squeezing mechanisms.

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# Determine Topological Invariants

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## Identification & ‘Confirmation’

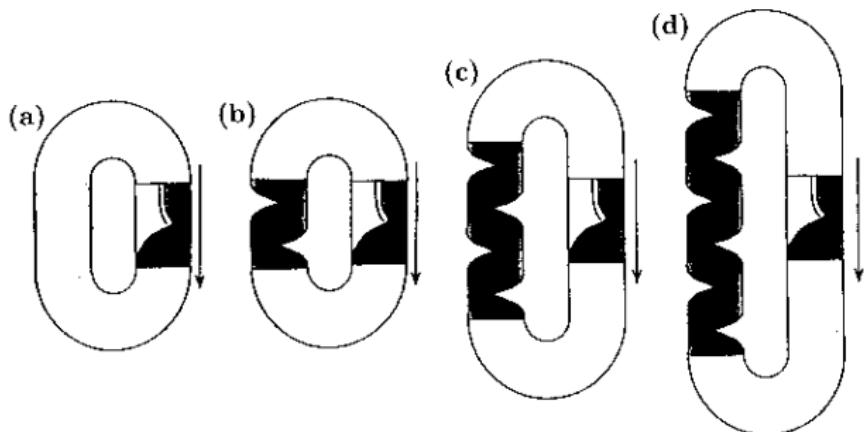
- $\mathcal{BM}$  Identified by LN of small number of orbits
- Table of LN GROSSLY overdetermined
- Predict LN of additional orbits
- Rejection criterion

## Determine Topological Invariants

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## What Do We Learn?

- $\mathcal{BM}$  Depends on Embedding
  - Some things depend on embedding, some don't
  - Depends on Embedding: Global Torsion, Parity, ...
  - Independent of Embedding: Mechanism



# Perestroikas of Strange Attractors

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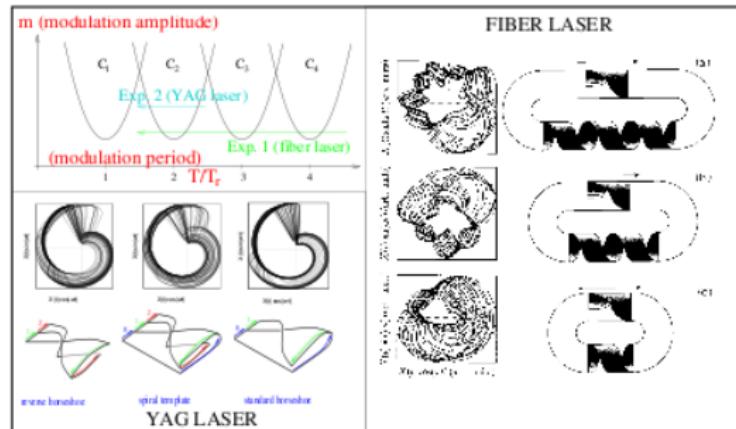
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## Evolution Under Parameter Change



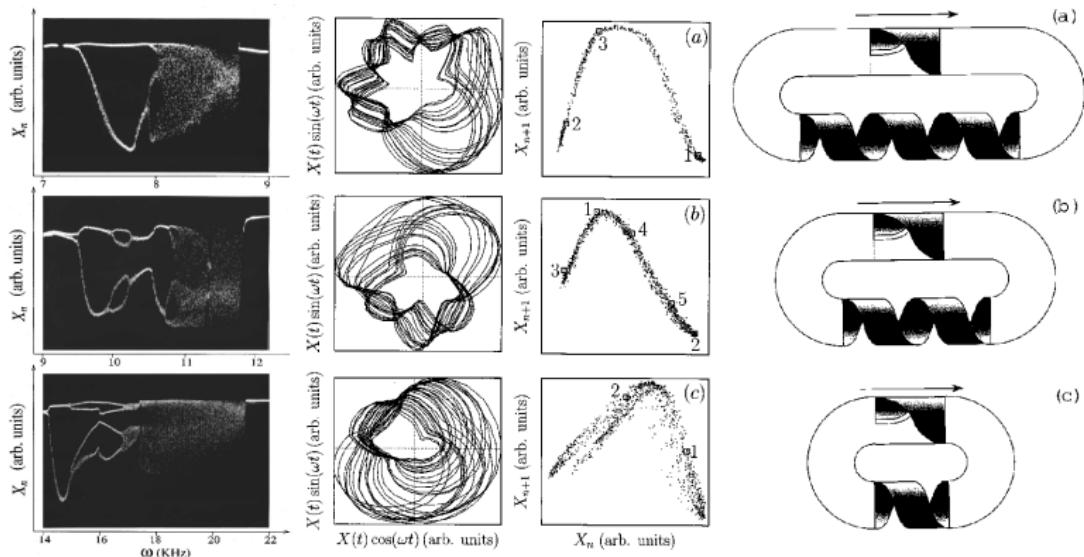
**Figure 11.** Various templates observed in two laser experiments. Top left: schematic representation of the parameter space of forced nonlinear oscillators showing resonance tongues. Right: templates observed in the fiber laser experiment: global torsion increases systematically from one tongue to the next [40]. Bottom left: templates observed in the YAG laser experiment (only the branches are shown); there is a variation in the topological organization across one chaotic tongue [39, 41].

# Perestroikas of Strange Attractors

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## Evolution Under Parameter Change



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# An Unexpected Benefit

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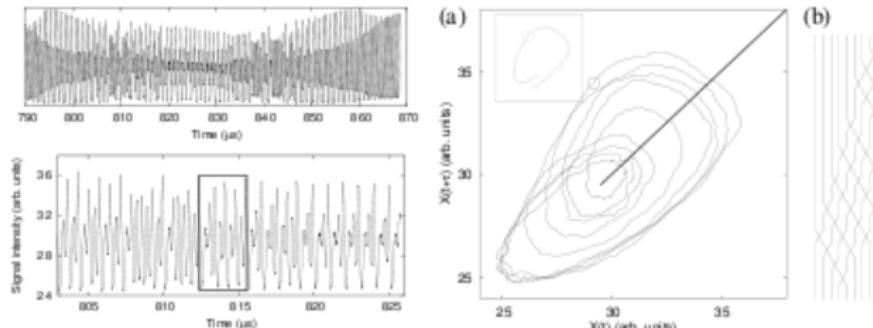
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## Analysis of Nonstationary Data



**Figure 16.** Top left: time series from an optical parametric oscillator showing a burst of irregular behavior. Bottom left: segment of the time series containing a periodic orbit of period 9. Right: embedding of the periodic orbit in a reconstructed phase space and representation of the braid realized by the orbit. The braid entropy is  $h_T = 0.377$ , showing that the underlying dynamics is chaotic. Reprinted from [61].

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# Last Steps

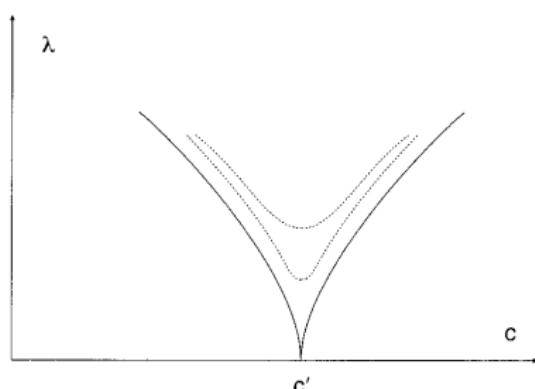
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## Model the Dynamics

A hodgepodge of methods exist: # Methods  $\simeq$  # Physicists

## Validate the Model

Needed: Nonlinear analog of  $\chi^2$  test. OPPORTUNITY:  
Tests that depend on entrainment/synchronization.



# Compare with Original Objectives

Construct a simple, algorithmic procedure for:

- Classifying strange attractors
- Extracting classification information

from experimental signals.