

# QUANTUM MECHANICS I

## PHYS 516

### Problem Set # 5

Distributed: Feb. 24, 2014

Due: February 29, 2014

**1. 2-Level Oscillations:** The hamiltonian describing a two-level system is  $H = \frac{\epsilon}{2}\sigma_z + \gamma\sigma_x$ . At  $t = 0$  the initial state is  $\psi(t = 0) = |\uparrow\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ . Plot  $P(\uparrow, t)$  and  $P(\downarrow, t)$  for  $t \geq 0$ .

**2. Rabi Oscillations:** The hamiltonian describing a two-level system is

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\epsilon}{2} & \gamma \cos \omega t \\ \gamma \cos \omega t & -\frac{\epsilon}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

At  $t = 0$  the initial state is  $\psi(t = 0) = |\downarrow\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ . Plot  $P(\uparrow, t)$  and  $P(\downarrow, t)$  for  $t \geq 0$  and “interesting choices” of  $\epsilon, \gamma, \omega$ .

**3. Spreading Wavefunctions:**  $\psi(x, t = 0) = Ne^{-x^2/2\sigma^2}$ .

a. Compute  $\psi(x, t > 0)$ .

b. Plot  $|\psi(x, t)|^2$  for several well-chosen values of  $t$ .

c. How long does it take for the wave function width to double?

**4. Harmonic Oscillations:**  $\psi_n(x)$  are the normalized harmonic oscillator wavefunctions (assume  $m = k = \hbar = 1$ ). Define  $\Phi_n(x, t) = \psi_n(x)e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}E_n t}$ .

a. Plot  $|\Phi_0(x, t)|^2$ .

b. Plot  $|\Phi_1(x, t)|^2$ .

c. Plot  $|\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\Phi_0(x, t) + \Phi_1(x, t))|^2$ .

d. Set  $\bar{x}(t) = \langle \Phi(x, t) | x | \Phi(x, t) \rangle$ , where  $\Phi(x, t)$  is the wavefunction defined in c. Plot  $\bar{x}(t)$ .