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> ### Prof.R. Gilmore Quantum Mechanics 1:
> ### Constructs the normalized hydrogen radial wavefunctions
> ### Under (int(RX(n,l,r)*R(n,l,r)*r^2,r=0..infinity)=1
> ### Computes energy shifts due to finite nuclear size.
>
>
>
> restart;
> with(orthopoly); ### calls in useful orthog polys, like the Laguerres
                        [G,H,L,P,T,U]
> L(5,x); ### for example, it works
                        1 - 5x + 5x^2 - 5/3 x^3 + 5/24 x^4 - 1/120 x^5
> g(5,0,x):=L(5,x); ### begins process for computing Associated Laguerres
                        polys
                        g(5,0,x) := 1 - 5x + 5x^2 - 5/3 x^3 + 5/24 x^4 - 1/120 x^5
> for i from 1 to 7 do
g(5,i,x):=diff(g(5,i-1,x),x):print(5,i-1,g(5,i-1,x)):od: # (it works)
                        5, 0, 1 - 5x + 5x^2 - 5/3 x^3 + 5/24 x^4 - 1/120 x^5
                        5, 1, -5 + 10x - 5x^2 + 5/6 x^3 - 1/24 x^4
                        5, 2, 10 - 10x + 5/2 x^2 - 1/6 x^3
                        5, 3, -10 + 5x - 1/2 x^2
                        5, 4, 5 - x
                        5, 5, -1
                        5, 6, 0
> for j from 0 to 12 do g(j,0,x):=L(j,x);for i from 1 to j+2 do
g(j,i,x):=diff(g(j,i-1,x),x):od:od:## Lots of assoc lag.
> for n from 1 to 5 do for l from 0 to n-1 do R(n,l,x):=
g(n+1,2*l+1,x)*exp(-x/2)*(x)^l:RR(n,l,r):=subs(x=2*r/n,%):N(n,l):=int(r^
2*RR(n,l,r)^2,r=0..infinity):RX(n,l,r):=RR(n,l,r)/sqrt(N(n,l));print(n,l
,RX(n,l,r)):od:od: ### constructs normalized hydrogenic radial
wavefunctions
                        1, 0, -2 e(-r)

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$$2, 0, \frac{1}{4}(-2+r) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2}r\right)} \sqrt{2}$$

$$2, 1, -\frac{1}{12} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{2}r\right)} r \sqrt{6}$$

$$3, 0, \frac{2}{27} \left(-3+2r-\frac{2}{9}r^2\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{3}r\right)} \sqrt{3}$$

$$3, 1, \frac{1}{81} \left(-4+\frac{2}{3}r\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{3}r\right)} r \sqrt{6}$$

$$3, 2, -\frac{2}{1215} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{3}r\right)} r^2 \sqrt{30}$$

$$4, 0, \frac{1}{16} \left(-4+3r-\frac{1}{2}r^2+\frac{1}{48}r^3\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{4}r\right)}$$

$$4, 1, \frac{1}{480} \left(-10+\frac{5}{2}r-\frac{1}{8}r^2\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{4}r\right)} r \sqrt{15}$$

$$4, 2, \frac{1}{1920} \left(-6+\frac{1}{2}r\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{4}r\right)} r^2 \sqrt{5}$$

$$4, 3, -\frac{1}{26880} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{4}r\right)} r^3 \sqrt{35}$$

$$5, 0, \frac{2}{125} \left(-5+4r-\frac{4}{5}r^2+\frac{4}{75}r^3-\frac{2}{1875}r^4\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{5}r\right)} \sqrt{5}$$

$$5, 1, \frac{1}{1875} \left(-20+6r-\frac{12}{25}r^2+\frac{4}{375}r^3\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{5}r\right)} r \sqrt{30}$$

$$5, 2, \frac{2}{65625} \left(-21+\frac{14}{5}r-\frac{2}{25}r^2\right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{5}r\right)} r^2 \sqrt{70}$$

$$5, 3, \frac{1}{328125} \left(-8 + \frac{2}{5}r \right) e^{\left(-\frac{1}{5}r \right)} r^3 \sqrt{70}$$

$$5, 4, -\frac{2}{4921875} e^{\left(-\frac{1}{5}r \right)} r^4 \sqrt{70}$$

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> ### for n from 1 to 5 do for l from 0 to n-1 do
print(n,l,RX(n,l,r)):od:od:
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```
> for n from 1 to 5 do for l from 1 to n-1 do
over(n,l):=int(RX(n,l,r)*RX(n,l-1,r)*r*r^2,r=0..infinity):print(n,l,over
(n,l)):od:od:
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$$2, 1, -3 \sqrt{3}$$

$$3, 1, -9 \sqrt{2}$$

$$3, 2, -\frac{9}{2} \sqrt{5}$$

$$4, 1, -6 \sqrt{15}$$

$$4, 2, -12 \sqrt{3}$$

$$4, 3, -6 \sqrt{7}$$

$$5, 1, -15 \sqrt{6}$$

$$5, 2, -\frac{15}{2} \sqrt{7} \sqrt{3}$$

$$5, 3, -30$$

$$5, 4, \frac{-45}{2}$$

```
> for n from 1 to 5 do for l from 0 to n-1 do
over(n,l):=int(RX(n,l,r)*RX(n,l,r)*r^2*r^2,r=0..infinity):print(n,l,over
(n,l)):od:od:
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$$1, 0, 3$$

$$2, 0, 42$$

$$2, 1, 30$$

$$3, 0, 207$$

$$3, 1, 180$$

$$3, 2, 126$$

$$4, 0, 648$$

$$4, 1, 600$$

$$4, 2, 504$$

$$4, 3, 360$$

$$5, 0, 1575$$

$$5, 1, 1500$$

5, 2, 1350

5, 3, 1125

5, 4, 825

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> for n from 1 to 5 do for l from 2 to n-1 do  
over(n,l):=int(RX(n,l,r)*RX(n,l-2,r)*r^2*r^2,r=0..infinity):print(n,l,ov  
er(n,l)):od:od:
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3, 2, 45 $\sqrt{10}$

4, 2, 240 $\sqrt{5}$

4, 3, 80 $\sqrt{7} \sqrt{3}$

5, 2, 375 $\sqrt{14}$

5, 3, 250 $\sqrt{7} \sqrt{3}$

5, 4, 750

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> pert1:=-3/(2*K)+(r/K)^2/(2*K)+1/r;
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$$pert1 := -\frac{3}{2K} + \frac{r^2}{2K^3} + \frac{1}{r}$$

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> pert2:=-1/K+1/r;
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$$pert2 := -\frac{1}{K} + \frac{1}{r}$$

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> int(RX(1,0,r)^2*r^2*pert1,r=0..K);taylor(%,K=0,10);
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$$\frac{3 - 3K^2 + 2K^3 - 3e^{(-2K)} - 3e^{(-2K)}K^2 - 6e^{(-2K)}K}{2K^3}$$
$$\frac{2}{5}K^2 - \frac{1}{3}K^3 + \frac{6}{35}K^4 - \frac{1}{15}K^5 + \frac{4}{189}K^6 + O(K^7)$$

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> int(RX(1,0,r)^2*r^2*pert2,r=0..K);taylor(%,K=0,10);
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$$\frac{-1 + K + e^{(-2K)} + e^{(-2K)}K}{K}$$
$$\frac{2}{3}K^2 - \frac{2}{3}K^3 + \frac{2}{5}K^4 - \frac{8}{45}K^5 + \frac{4}{63}K^6 - \frac{2}{105}K^7 + \frac{2}{405}K^8 + O(K^9)$$

```
> for n from 1 to 5 do for l from 0 to n-1 do z:= int(RX(n,l,r)^2*r^2*pert1  
,r=0..K);corr1(n,l):=taylor(%,K=0,8+2*l):print(n,l,corr1(n,l)):od:od:
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$$1, 0, \frac{2}{5}K^2 - \frac{1}{3}K^3 + \frac{6}{35}K^4 + O(K^5)$$

$$2, 0, \frac{1}{20}K^2 - \frac{1}{24}K^3 + \frac{3}{160}K^4 + O(K^5)$$

$$2, 1, \frac{1}{1120}K^4 - \frac{1}{1920}K^5 + \frac{1}{6048}K^6 + O(K^7)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 3, 0, \frac{2}{135} K^2 - \frac{1}{81} K^3 + \frac{46}{8505} K^4 + O(K^5) \\
& 3, 1, \frac{8}{25515} K^4 - \frac{2}{10935} K^5 + \frac{68}{1240029} K^6 + O(K^7) \\
& 3, 2, \frac{4}{6200145} K^6 - \frac{1}{3444525} K^7 + \frac{2}{29229255} K^8 + O(K^9) \\
& 4, 0, \frac{1}{160} K^2 - \frac{1}{192} K^3 + \frac{81}{35840} K^4 + O(K^5) \\
& 4, 1, \frac{1}{7168} K^4 - \frac{1}{12288} K^5 + \frac{37}{1548288} K^6 + O(K^7) \\
& 4, 2, \frac{1}{2580480} K^6 - \frac{1}{5734400} K^7 + \frac{31}{778567680} K^8 + O(K^9) \\
& 4, 3, \frac{1}{5449973760} K^8 - \frac{1}{14863564800} K^9 + \frac{1}{78721843200} K^{10} + O(K^{11}) \\
& 5, 0, \frac{2}{625} K^2 - \frac{1}{375} K^3 + \frac{18}{15625} K^4 + O(K^5) \\
& 5, 1, \frac{8}{109375} K^4 - \frac{2}{46875} K^5 + \frac{916}{73828125} K^6 + O(K^7) \\
& 5, 2, \frac{4}{17578125} K^6 - \frac{1}{9765625} K^7 + \frac{334}{14501953125} K^8 + O(K^9) \\
& 5, 3, \frac{16}{101513671875} K^8 - \frac{8}{138427734375} K^9 + \frac{28}{2618408203125} K^{10} + O(K^{11}) \\
& 5, 4, \frac{4}{164959716796875} K^{10} - \frac{2}{266473388671875} K^{11} + \frac{4}{3374176025390625} K^{12} + O(K^{13})
\end{aligned}$$

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> for n from 1 to 5 do for l from 0 to n-1 do
z:=int(RX(n,l,r)^2*r^2*pert2,r=0..K);corrl(n,l):=taylor(%,K=0,6+2*l):pri
nt(n,l,corrl(n,l)):od:od:

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$$\begin{aligned}
& 1, 0, \frac{2}{3} K^2 - \frac{2}{3} K^3 + \frac{2}{5} K^4 + O(K^5) \\
& 2, 0, \frac{1}{12} K^2 - \frac{1}{12} K^3 + \frac{7}{160} K^4 + O(K^5) \\
& 2, 1, \frac{1}{480} K^4 - \frac{1}{720} K^5 + \frac{1}{2016} K^6 + O(K^7) \\
& 3, 0, \frac{2}{81} K^2 - \frac{2}{81} K^3 + \frac{46}{3645} K^4 + O(K^5) \\
& 3, 1, \frac{8}{10935} K^4 - \frac{16}{32805} K^5 + \frac{68}{413343} K^6 + O(K^7) \\
& 3, 2, \frac{4}{2066715} K^6 - \frac{2}{2066715} K^7 + \frac{2}{7971615} K^8 + O(K^9)
\end{aligned}$$

$$4, 0, \frac{1}{96}K^2 - \frac{1}{96}K^3 + \frac{27}{5120}K^4 + O(K^5)$$

$$4, 1, \frac{1}{3072}K^4 - \frac{1}{4608}K^5 + \frac{37}{516096}K^6 + O(K^7)$$

$$4, 2, \frac{1}{860160}K^6 - \frac{1}{1720320}K^7 + \frac{31}{212336640}K^8 + O(K^9)$$

$$4, 3, \frac{1}{1486356480}K^8 - \frac{1}{3715891200}K^9 + \frac{1}{18166579200}K^{10} + O(K^{11})$$

$$5, 0, \frac{2}{375}K^2 - \frac{2}{375}K^3 + \frac{42}{15625}K^4 + O(K^5)$$

$$5, 1, \frac{8}{46875}K^4 - \frac{16}{140625}K^5 + \frac{916}{24609375}K^6 + O(K^7)$$

$$5, 2, \frac{4}{5859375}K^6 - \frac{2}{5859375}K^7 + \frac{334}{3955078125}K^8 + O(K^9)$$

$$5, 3, \frac{16}{27685546875}K^8 - \frac{32}{138427734375}K^9 + \frac{28}{604248046875}K^{10} + O(K^{11})$$

$$5, 4, \frac{4}{38067626953125}K^{10} - \frac{4}{114202880859375}K^{11} + \frac{4}{674835205078125}K^{12} + O(K^{13})$$

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